

# **Ozone Hindcast**

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## Major factors driving changes in tropospheric ozone:

- trends in precursor emissions, especially NO<sub>x</sub>
  - increases in Asia, increases then decreases in Europe, U.S.
- trends in methane
- interannual variability in biomass burning
- changes in ozone in the lower stratosphere (LS)
- dynamical variability, e.g., AO, ENSO, STE, ..
- climate change, temp. trends etc

## Time periods for hindcast:

- **1980 – present**
  - consistent with other hindcasts
- **1990 – present**
  - large changes in lower strat. ozone
- **2000 – present**
  - satellite data for CO, aerosols, trop. NO<sub>2</sub>
  - Aura data from 2004 on
- **Three periods to accommodate groups with different resources, interests**

## Model Issues:

- **assimilated or reanalyzed met. data best for comparisons to observations, GEOS-4, 5; ECMWF, ..**
- **GCM met. data also useful (these will be used for future scenarios)**
  - sometimes nudged to met. data
  - can look at effects of ENSO, AO, changes in strat. ozone, etc
- **realistic treatment of changes in ozone in the lower stratosphere is essential – changes in 1990s**
- **“complete” treatment of stratospheric and tropospheric processes is ideal**
- **coupled aerosol-gas phase chemistry - some models**

## Some issues with emissions:

- **Use best regional emissions in areas where global inventories have known problems, e.g., China**
  - Need to use provincial energy statistics for China (Zhang, Streets et al, JGR; Ohara, Akimoto et al., ACP)
- **Incorporate latest info. on NO<sub>x</sub> decreases in US, Europe**
- **are aerosol emissions consistent with gas-phase emissions?**
  - e.g., is the same biomass burning inventory used?
- **GFED2 for biomass burning after 1996**
- **TOMS AI scaling before 1996?**
- **RETRO used a fire-model in many regions**

## Simulations

- **HC – ozone**
  - Groups choose emissions
- **HC.ACC – ozone**
  - Groups use recommended set
  - HTAP looks promising, but need to go back to 1980
  - IPCC does not look promising, but goes back to 1980
  - Discuss tomorrow
- **HCC-ozone-sens**
  - Sensitivity studies to isolate causes of trends and IAV

## Learn from previous intercomparisons and hindcasts:

- ACCENT
- AEROCOM
- RETRO
- HTAP
- CCMVal
- Hindcasts with GEOS-Chem
- Others?

**Discuss in break-out group this afternoon**

# Data for model evaluation

- **CO - NOAA/GMD surface stations, MOZAIC aircraft data, MOPITT, .....**
- **NO<sub>2</sub> – GOME, SCIAMACHY, OMI columns – issues with different retrieved products**
- **Ozone – surface stations, sondes, MOZAIC, TCO products, satellite data for the LS (SAGE, Aura MLS)**



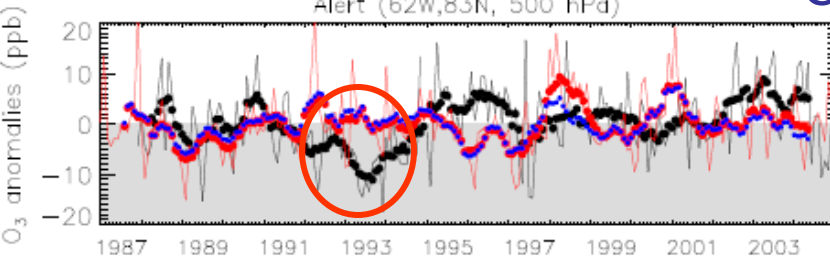
## GEOS-Chem hindcast (Koumoutsaris et al.,2008)

- **GEOS-4 met. data for 1987-2005**
- **Temporal scaling of a base inventory for fossil fuel emissions (1985-1998, constant after 1998)**
- **Scaling of a biomass burning inventory using TOMS AI and ATSR data (update of Duncan et al., 2003)**
- **Aerosols did not change**
- **Same flux of ozone from the stratosphere every year (SYNOZ method)**
  
- **Focus here on ozone results (CO matches data fairly well, and is better understood, see also Duncan et al., 2007, 2008)**

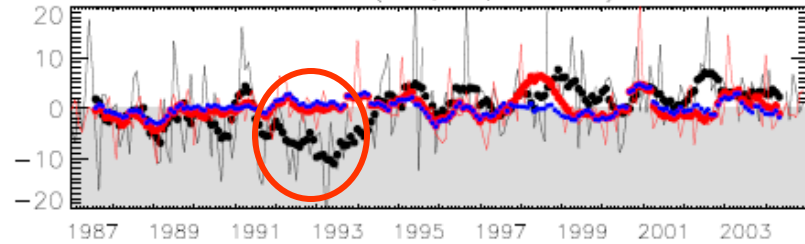
# Ozone anomalies (500 hPa)

## Canada

Alert (62W,83N, 500 hPa)

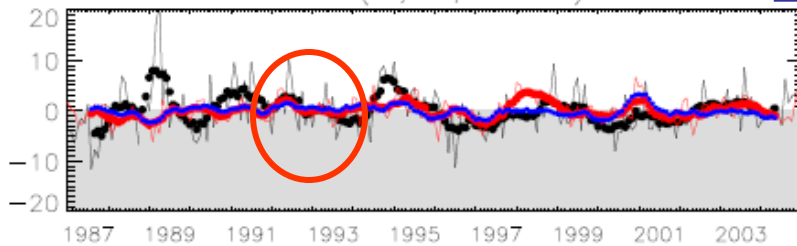


Churchill (94W,59N, 500 hPa)

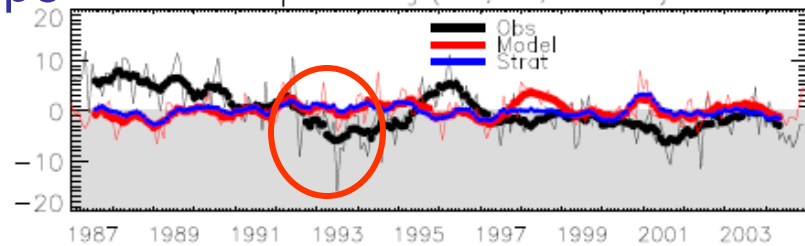


## Europe

Uccle (4E,51N, 500 hPa)

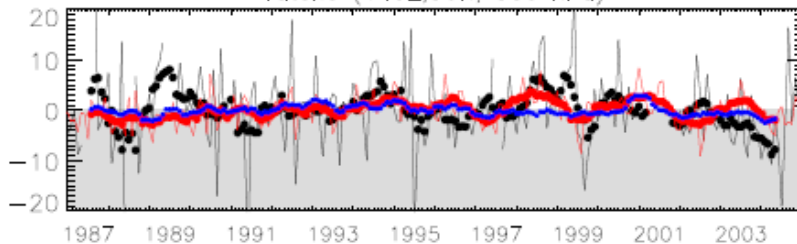


Hohenpeissenberg (11E,48N, 500 hPa)

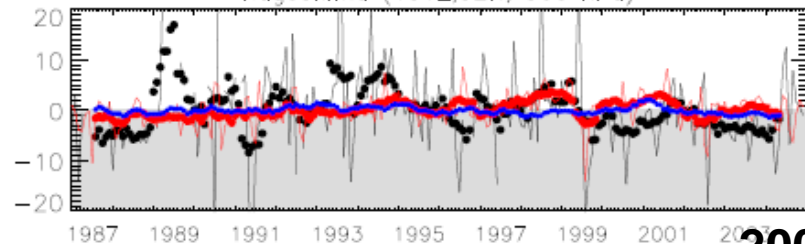


## Japan

Tateno (140E,36N, 500 hPa)



Kagoshima (131E,32N, 500 hPa)



1987

2005

1987

2005

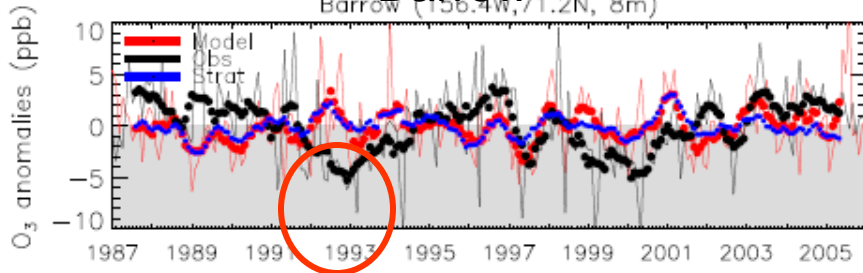
(Koumoutsaris, Bey, Generoso, and Thouret, in review, JGR).

**Observations (12 mon. means)**  
**Model (GEOS-Chem)**  
**model stratospheric ozone**

# Surface ozone

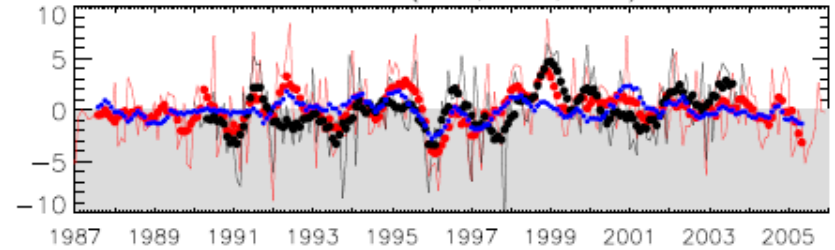
## Barrow

Barrow (156.4W, 71.2N, 8m)



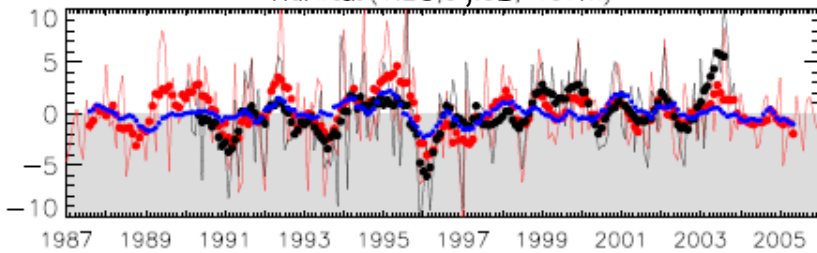
## Mace Head

Mace Head (9.3W, 53.1N, 15m)



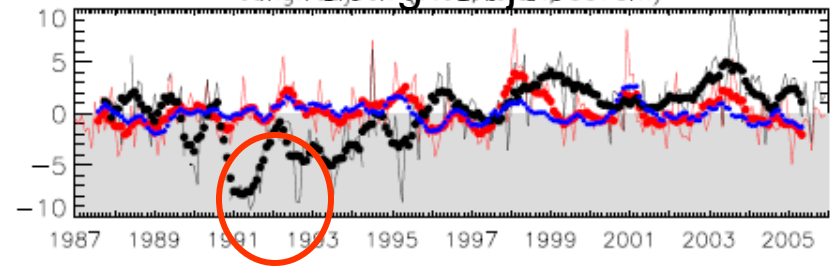
## Harwell, UK

Harwell (1.3W, 51.37m)



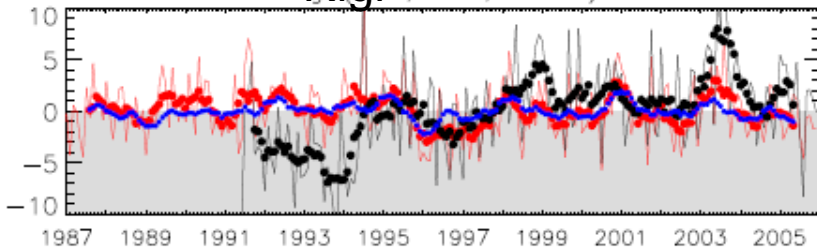
## Jungfraujoch

Jungfraujoch (7.18E, 46.0N, 3578m)



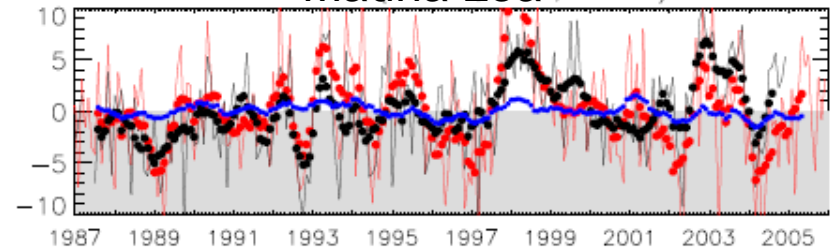
## Rigi

Rigi (8.0E, 46.0N, 1031m)



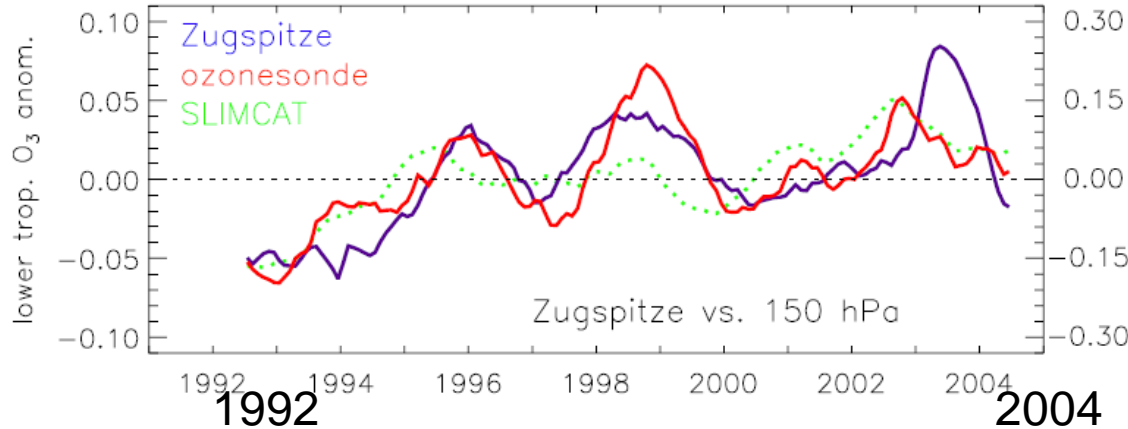
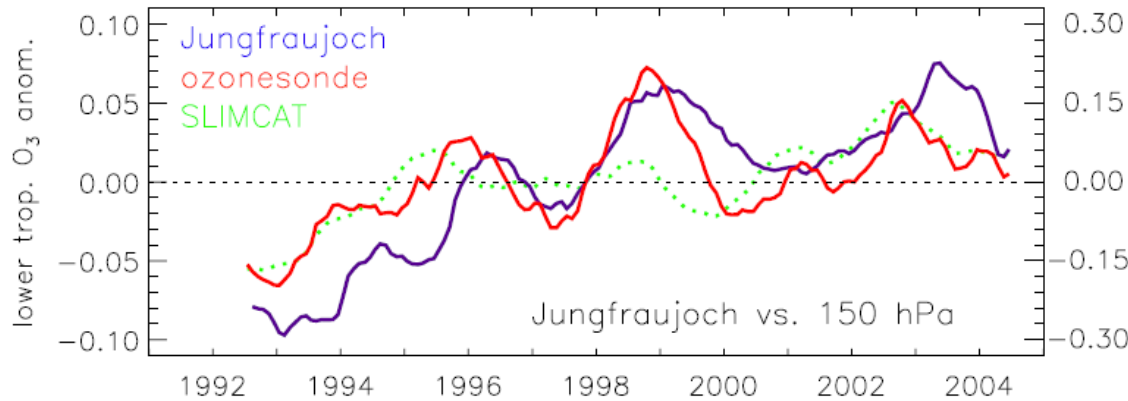
## Mauna Loa

Mauna Loa (155.4W, 19.4N, 3397m)



**Observations (12 mon. means)**  
**Model (GEOS-Chem)**  
**model stratospheric ozone**

**Red: sondes at 150 hPa**  
**Blue: mountain sites in Europe**



**12-mon means**

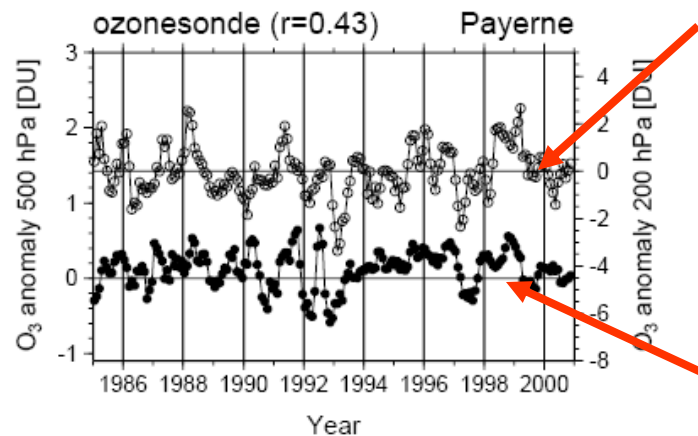
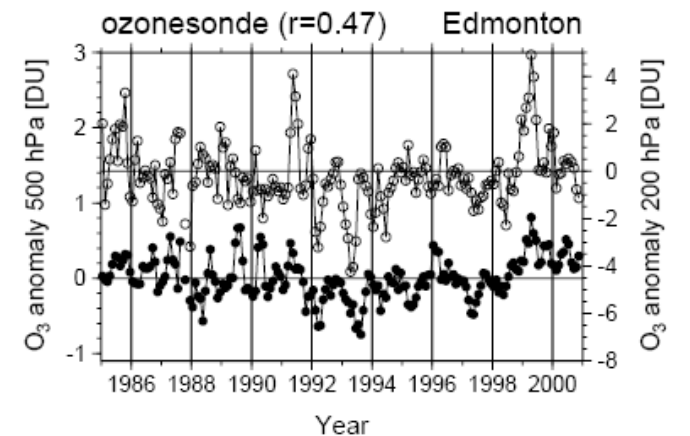
**Tropospheric ozone appeared to respond to changes in ozone in the lower strat. after the Pinatubo eruption in 1991 – low trop. ozone in 1992-93: e.g.,**

**Fusco and Logan (2003), sonde stations**

**Tarasick et al., JGR (2005) for Canadian sonde stations**

**Ordonzes et al., GRL (2007) for Europe**

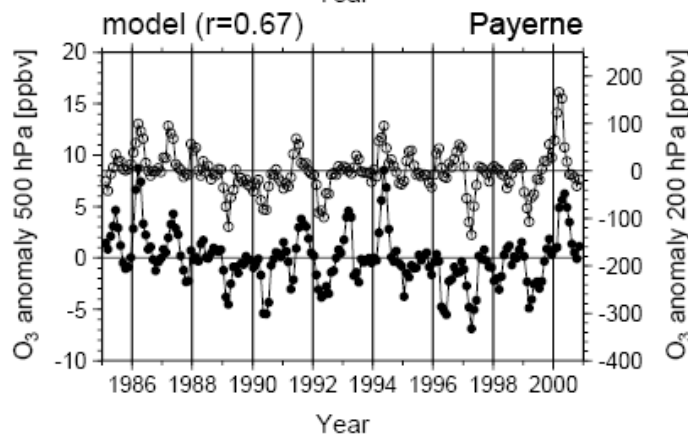
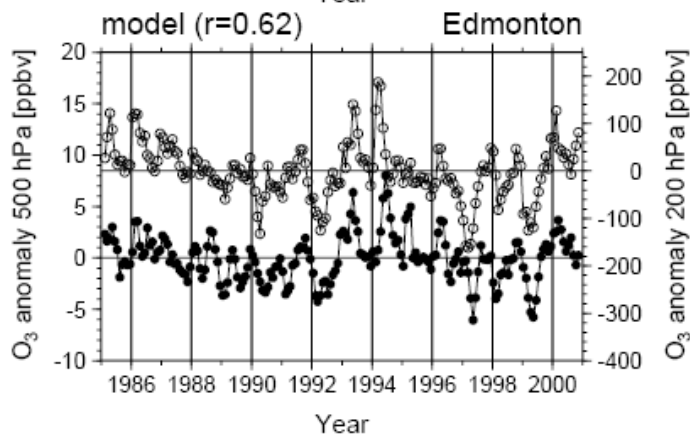
# Ozone for 1985-2000



200 hPa

Sonde data,  
3 mon. smoothing

500 hPa



Model

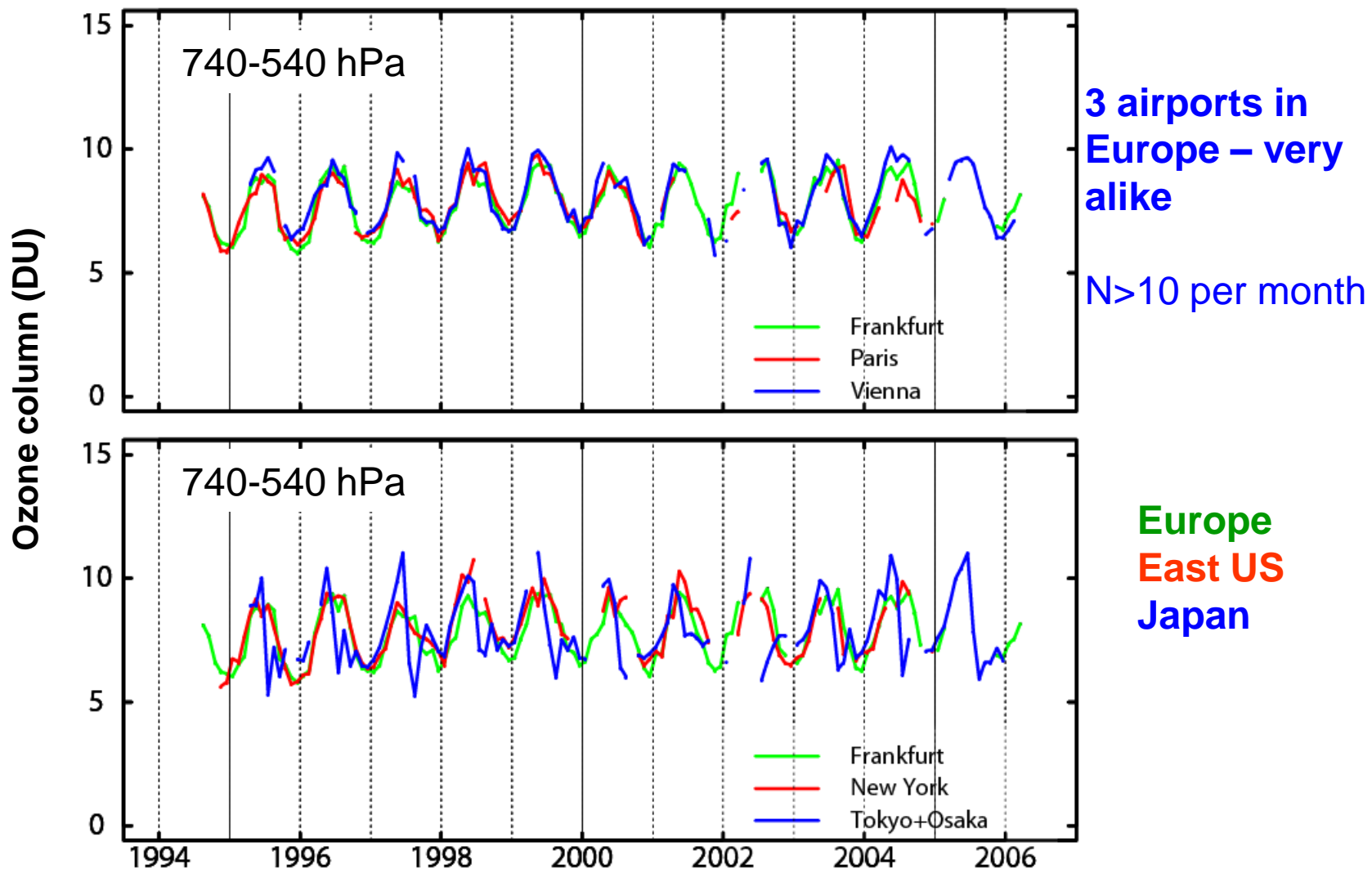
Goddard CTM, GCM met. data, 50 year run of stratospheric chemistry, simple P and L for trop. ozone, the same every year (from GEOS-Chem) [Terao et al., in press, JGR]

## Some data issues

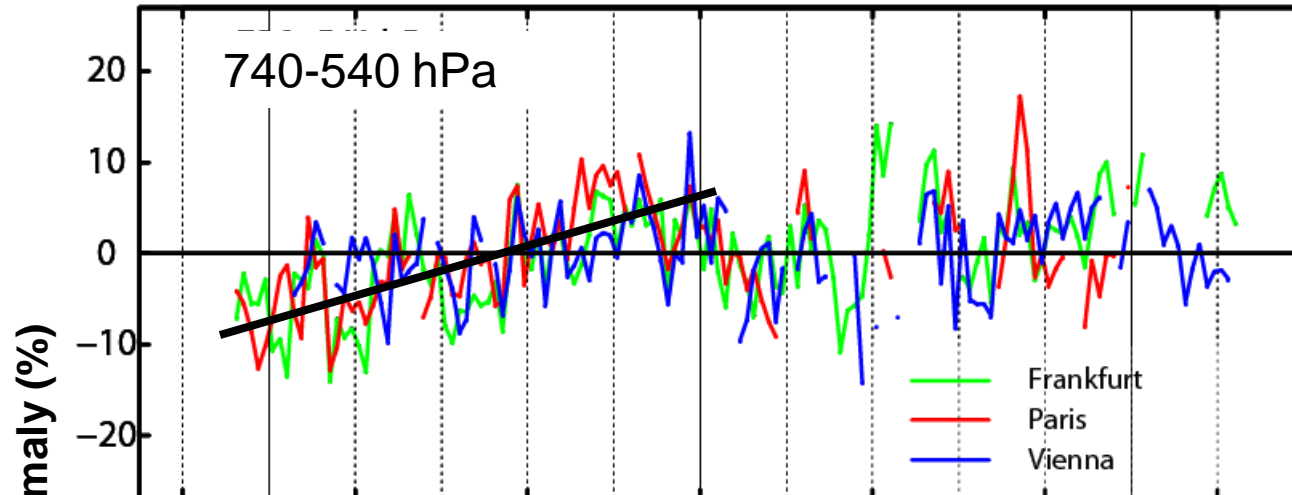
- **Focus here on data above the surface (not that there are no issues with surface data)**
- **Europe has the most long-term records from sondes**
- **3 profiles/week at 3 sites, two since 1960s**
- **Weekly data at several other sites**
- **Also frequent ascents and descent of MOZAIC aircraft, since late 1994**

# MOZAIC ozone data, 1994-2006

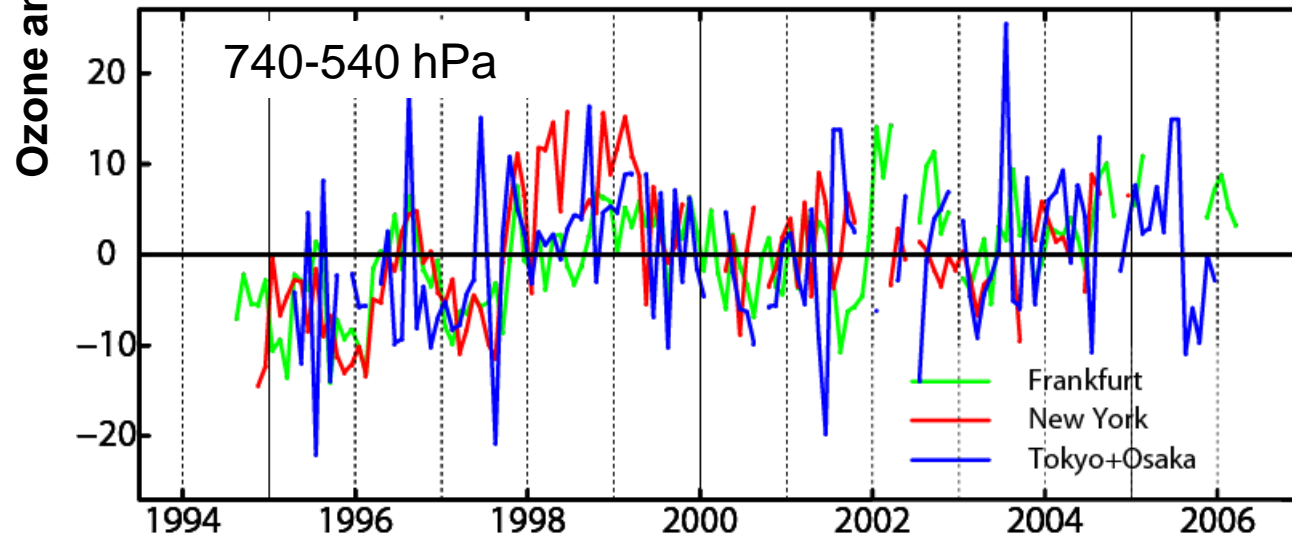
(Zbinden et al., Thouret et al., ACP, 2006)



## MOZAIC ozone anomalies, 1994-2006



3 airports in Europe

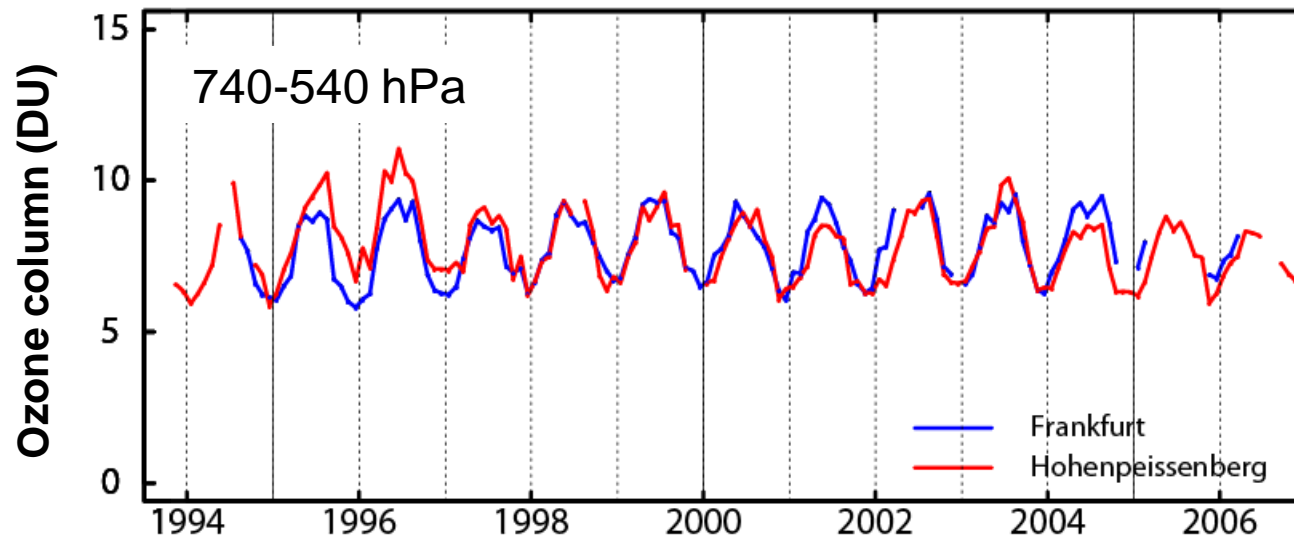


Europe  
East US  
Japan

Consistent time dependence in Europe, Eastern US and Japan

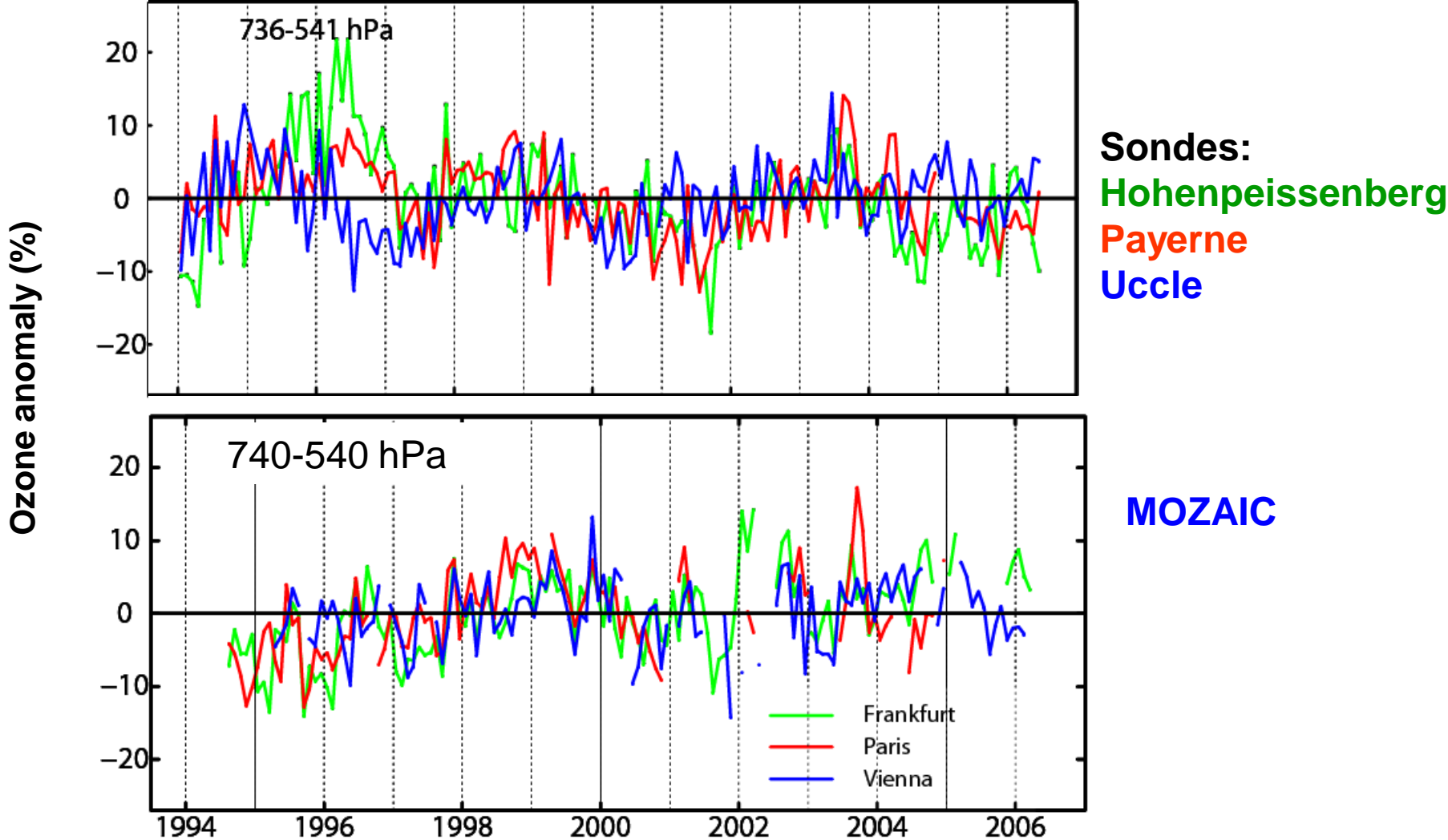


## How do sondes and MOZAIC compare? Frankfurt (blue) and Hohenpeissenberg (red)

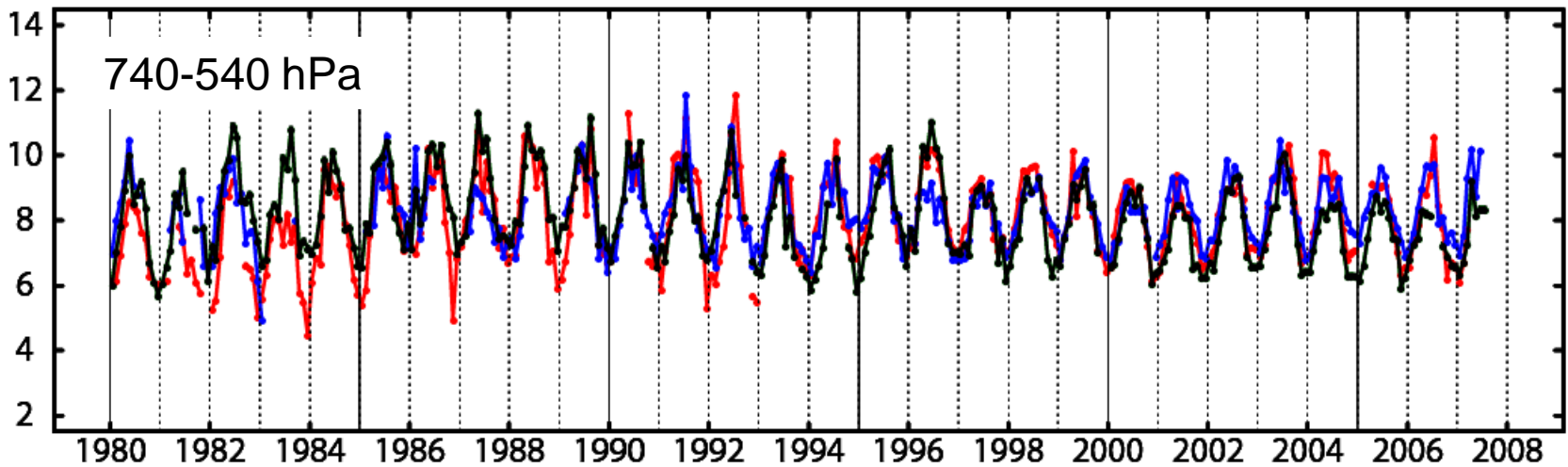


**Sondes > MOZAIC in 1995-96 (as in Thouret et al., 1998)  
Similar in 1997-2004.**

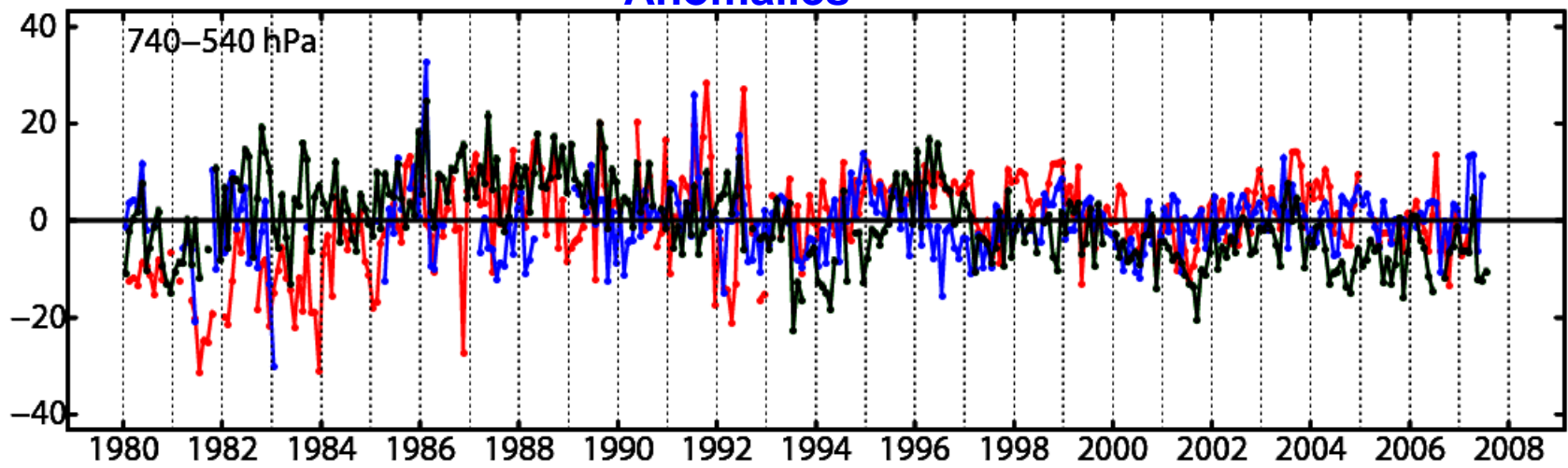
# Sonde stations do not show an increase in 1995-2000



## Sonde data over Europe, 1980-2007



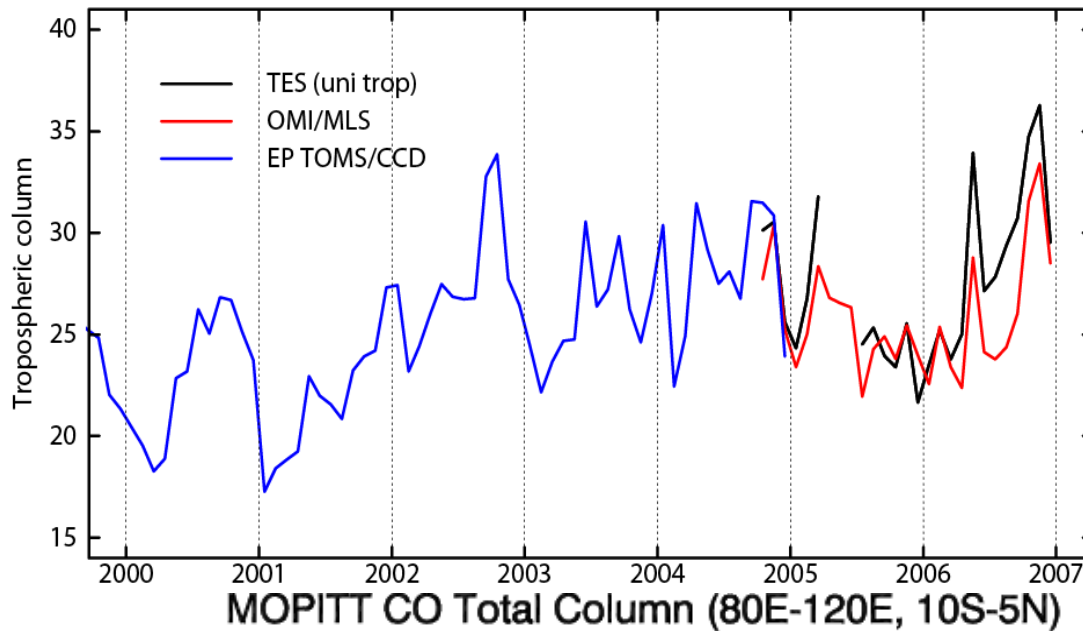
### Anomalies



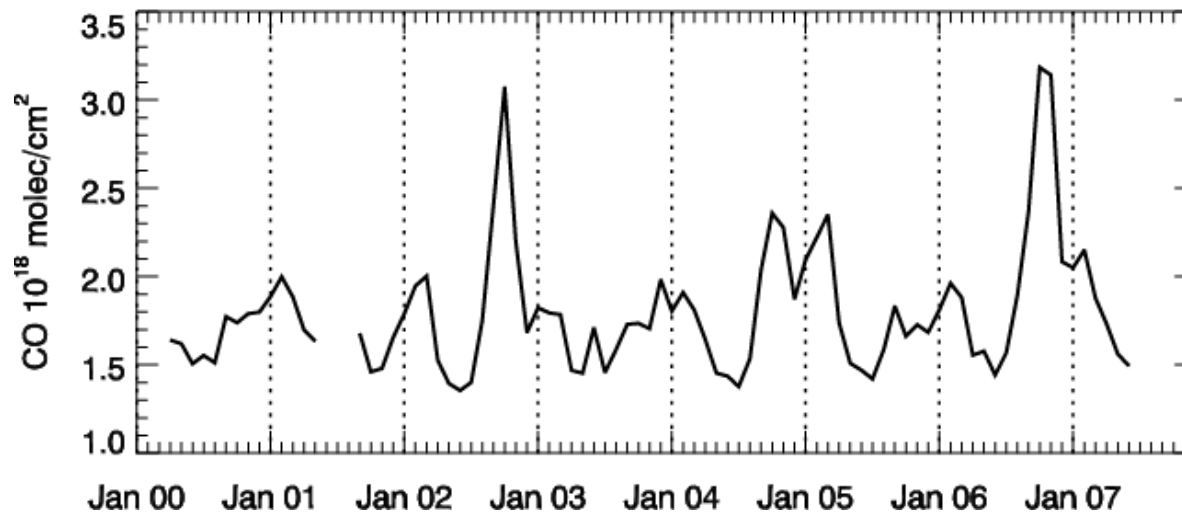
**Only Hohenpeissenberg (black) shows a long-term decrease since ~1985.  
Payerne (red) and Uccle (blue) do not.**

# Largest IAV in tropospheric ozone is in the tropics over Indonesia and the eastern Indian Ocean

Indonesia (5N-10S, 70-120E)



Ozone – trop. column  
2000-2006



CO – trop. column

# Summary – main challenges

- **EMISSIONS**
- **What exactly are we trying to hindcast?? Need more data analysis.**